

**TUESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1869.**

**PRICE TWOPENCE.**

### PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR

**I**F THE SON of Mr. JOHN O'CONNOR, member of C. 6, Town, Romney Marsh, Kent, is on board the Flying Squadron, he will hear of a RELATIVE, by inquiring at Mrs. C. Williams's, Regent's Hotel, Waterloo.

**I**F STEPHEN MOIT does not write to his WIFE within one month from this date she intends to get married again. Post Office, Sydney.  
December 20th.

**JAMES WILSON**, Collector, Wareley, three letters for you at the General Post Office, Sydney.

**JOHN NICHOLS**, Painter, late of Permacuttah-street, Call at 11, Barrack-st., to save trouble about proceedings.

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**STOCK SHARES AND MONEY**

**SHARES FOR SALE.**—Joint Stock Bank, Bank

**LOANS ON MORTGAGE.**—The Australian Mortgage Provident Society is prepared to LEND MONEY upon the security of first-class freehold, or ordinary free mortgage, at current rates of interest, or repayable by instalments in conformity with the following reduced scale viz.—

In Years.	Half-yearly.	Quarterly.	Monthly.
2	£27 4 6	£15 10 1	£4 9 7
3	18 15 4	9 6 8	3 1 9
4	14 10 11	7 4 6	2 7 11
5	12 0 6	5 12 8	1 15 2
6	10 6 11	5 2 8	1 14

7 9 3 2 4 10 11 1 10 2

By order of the Board,  
**ALEXANDER J. HASTON,**  
Secretary.

Principal Office, Sydney, 24th July, 1936.

**M O N E Y**  
**NATIONAL LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY,**  
Sydney, 24th July, 1936.

Capital, £100,000.  
 Offices—51, Hunter-street, corner of Rillbeth-street.  
 This Company is formed with a view of assisting Pro-  
 fessional Men, Government Officials, Professors, and  
 others who may be temporarily in want of a Money Loan  
 without their having to resort to extraneous resources. The  
 Company will make such advances on the following con-  
 ditions and terms:—  
 Sum from £5 to £5000 can be obtained on personal and  
 other securities, repayable by weekly instalments of ONE

**SPENDING** the pound, or arrangement can be made for monthly or quarterly payments. Personal borrowings of \$5 through \$410, to be repaid by twenty weekly installments.

**BILLS DISCOUNTED DAILY.** Advances made on deposit of deeds of freehold and leasehold property; bills of sale, negotiable, promissory, revenue, and interest, and any other tangible security.

All money transactions entered into, and advances made, within limits of the company's constitution.

**M**OSTLY TO LEND - The Trustees of the Savings Bank are prepared to lend money at 5 per cent. on mortgage of approved household property.

G. O. ALLEN, Managing Trustee.

**£50** TO £1000 TO LEND at a fair rate of interest  
C. H. FROBER 78, King-street.

**£5** TO £500 to lend in Farms, Towns, & also, bills,  
deeds, & other securities at low 11, 12, &c. per cent.

**£1000** WANTED, on first-class freehold prop-  
erty. Apply WANT, SON, and  
JOHNSON, 142, Pitt-street.

**£1000** TO LEND, in one or more sums. ELLI-

**THE** utmost value advanced in any amount on Plateau Watches, Jewellery, Furniture, and every description of property at the lowest rate of interest. **H. H. MELCHOR**, 202, Gough-street, near Park-road.

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**MEDICAL CHEMICALS AND DRUGS**  
**J. SPENCER**, Surgeon-Dentist, 353, George-street.

**E**STABLISHED 1842—Dr. J. EMANUEL and  
Sons, Dentists. Dental Diploma date, 1836. 7, 8,  
9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836

**ONLY SILVER MEDAL AWARDED, PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867. JUROR, 1862.**

**PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.**

**T. MORSON AND SON,**  
31, 33, and 124, Southampton-row, Russell-square, London.  
Chemical Works, Hornsey Road, and  
Riverside Works, Waltham.

**PURE CHEMICALS and NEW MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS** including the following specialties: **PEPSINE**, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice; an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion. **POWELL'S** Syrup, Lactogen and Globulin. **PANCREATIC EMULSION**, and **PANCREATIC POWDER**, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation

of fat is effaced.  
**SACCHARATED WHEAT PHOSPHATES**, a valuable  
 dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supply-  
 ing the elements for the formation of bone.  
**CHLORODYNE** (Moreau's), the universally approved  
 Anodyne.  
**CREATONE**-(Caution)-from Wood Tar, of which  
**T. M. and SON** are the only British Manufacturers.  
**GELATINE**, a perfect and economical substitute for  
 Isinglass.

Shipping orders executed with care and despatch.  
Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

**CAUTION.** — STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING  
POWDERS for children cutting their teeth. Par  
chasers are requested to

**BEWARE OF IMITATIONS**  
of this medicine, and to observe, in every case, that the  
words "JOHN STEEDMAN, CHEMIST, WAL  
WORTH STREET

Warrant, however, are engraved on the Government stamp affixed to each package, without which none are genuine. Sold by all chemists and druggists in New South Wales, in PACKETS ONLY.

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**G**HOLLAN'S GREAT INDIAN CURE

The above truly wonderful remedies are for the relief and cure of Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Gout, Ague, Constiveness, Indigestion, and Sympathetic Pain.

being prepared by an East Indian, who thoroughly understands the proportions, the public can rely on having genuine article at the following prices:—  
Gout Mixture, 12s per bottle.  
Rheumatism, Ague, and Sympathetic Pain Mixture 12s 6d ditto.  
The Aperient Mixture, 8s 6d ditto.  
Pamphlets on application to **HEBBLEWHITE and SON, Sole Agents, 432, George-street.**

**HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS -**  
**FEMALE COMPLAINTS.**—Is all obstructive  
 &c., the most diffident, after a single trial, will place con-  
 fidence in Holloway's Medicine. The ointment should be  
 rubbed on the stomach and back whilst taking the pills.  
 Sold, 633, Oxford-st. W.C., London; and all druggists.

**KRUSE'S FLUID MAGNESIA** cleanses the blood,  
 corrects acidity, relieves sea sickness, indigestion,  
 heartburn, flatulence, and all disorders incidental to

**F**OWLER'S CURA and Bant's Plaster, just received.  
J. E. ARRAHAM, Chemist, 448, George-street.

**L**ONG'S AUSTRALIAN HERB PILLS.—A certain  
remedy for chronic headache, ague, bilious and liver  
complaints.

MARK H. LONG and CO., Chemists, op. Telegraph Office.

**W**OMEN.—Mrs. (and widow) Webb's Female PILLS.

**STEAM VINEGAR WORKS**—Vinegar in casks and kegs. D. J. MOKE, Water-street, Chippendale.

**BUILDING MATERIALS ETC.**

**MARYBOROUGH PINE.**—Orders received for all sizes of pine, or dressed, from the Danahia Steam Saw Mill, by E. F. WAY, 115, King-street, North.

**400,000** BEST Baltic Flouring, Oregon and  
clear Pine. ROYAL, Circular Quay

**500,000** BEST Colonial Hardwood, Cedar  
Shingles. ROYAL, Circular Quay.

**FINISH OVEN TILES**, just landed. Oily Seasoned  
Plates, New Pitt-street

**GLAZES, SLABS, AND STEPS** (made after 1816)

**K** NIGHT, Bryan's, Mohan's, White's Comedy PLAY  
TER, &c. G. E. CRANE, City Journal, Spokane.

**WILKES' NEW IMPROVED LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES,** the best, cheapest, and simplest and durable of all sewing machines. **STAMFORD**  
 111 CO., Sole Agents, 307, George-street.

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**LAW.**

**SUPREME COURT.—MONDAY.**  
 SITTINGS IN BANCO.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE SIR ALFRED STEPHEN, Chief Justice.  
 MR. HUBERT MARGARET, and Mr. Justice  
 GIBBITT.

**THE SOLICITOR-GENERAL.**

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL announced to their Honors that he had called on the Governor had appointed Mr. Julius Langbein Solicitors to be Solicitor-General.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE said that for some years past the Government had been consulting Messrs. Langbein and Co. in connection with the appointments of their officers on their appointments. He said that the Government was not merely political. Personally, he had great pleasure

THE **ATTORNEY-GENERAL**, Mr. SALMONS, as **SOLICITOR-GENERAL**, and **JACOB FAULKNER**, as **PROSECUTOR**, appeared in connection with the new Solicitor-General, the late named Judge adding that he had, personally, great pleasure in congratulating Mr. Salmons on his appointment to that office.

**QUESTIONS APPEAL.**

**SEN. J. V. CAMPBELL.**

THE **SENATE** appeared against an order by his Honor the **CHIEF JUSTICE** in **Equity** (Mr. Justice **BAGWELL**) overruling the **CHIEF JUSTICE** in the **Master's** report. The **SENATE** was divided by the official signature of the **CHIEF JUSTICE** and **MR. BAGWELL** against the liquidator of such estate, and the **SENATE** refused to certain payments and charges of one **MR. BAGWELL** by such liquidator. A reference had been made to the **CHIEF JUSTICE** in the **SENATE** in the manner in which the **CHIEF JUSTICE** had taken the **SENATE** in the **SENATE** overruled by the **CHIEF JUSTICE**, and the present **SENATE** was against his decision.

THE **ATTORNEY-GENERAL** and **MR. OWEN**, instructed by **MR.**

**METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.**  
**MONDAY.**  
**MEYER MR. DISTRICT COURT SIBSON.**  
**KIMBER V. RADDLER.**  
 This was an action brought by Richard John Kimber against William Raddler for assault and battery. The alleged assault took place at the watch-house in Georgetown on the 10th of September last, on the occasion of Raddler going to bail-out a man named Johnson, who was arrested for using threatening language to a woman. It appeared that Kimber went to the watch-house on the 10th of September, to follow up a complaint made by a woman, who told him that Kimber was, and become off-nosed at current events. He then went to the watch-house, where he was put into it. It was sworn, for the defence, that Kimber went into the watch-house in a very excited state.

and was told to be greatly and irrepressibly irritated by the "Kaiser's" "bull." Klumber declined to answer the question, and was then told to leave. Thus he did leave, and he was thereupon promptly laid hold of by the sergeant and walked out by the sergeant in a manner that was not at all dignified. The evidence for the benefit of the plaintiff was that no defendant whatever was ever to plaintiff, no provocation given, and yet that the result was a serious one. The evidence for the defense, on the other hand, was that the evidence for the plaintiff was directly negated by these statements, and viewed in the light of the fact that the defendant was a sergeant in a quiet and unobjectionable manner. The defendant must go for the plaintiff, no sufficient statement having been set out in the pleadings. The court said that the defendant without cause, Mr. James threatened Mr. Chitties with violence for the plaintiff, and Mr. Pope appeared for the defendant.

WISSELY V. JANGKE.

THE court is now performing a task for providing the

Plaintiff claimed \$5. Verdict for the plaintiff.

**CAMP V. TANNER AND ANOTHER.**

This was an action brought by Mr. William Camp, the plaintiff, against Messrs. J. M. Tanner and J. S. Seelye, the defendants, for a sum of money. Plaintiff said the two parties to the suit, who were joined in this particular case, were partners in a firm called the Aer in force in this city. Plaintiff claimed the plaintiff's credit for the plaintiff, \$264—time being asked for payment. Mr. Seelye conducted the case for the plaintiff.

**KEMP V. HILL.**

This was an action brought by a lady named Mrs. C. Kemp, for medical attendance. Verdict for plaintiff, \$25.

**WATSON V. WATSON.**

Watson appeared for the plaintiff.

**WHELAN V. CAIRNS.**

This was an action brought by Patrick Whelan against John Cairns, the defendant. Plaintiff claimed \$100. Verdict for the plaintiff in the amount claimed. For

This was another triumph by Mr. Henry Moon, Inspector of the Foreign Ship, who had been charged by the Government as "Campbell and Copsy," to receive £65,000 for wharfage. The claim was declared to have been based on certain outward cargo. Defendant paid £12,944 to the Court, and pleaded (1st) payment, (2d) that the cargo was not his, and (3d) that the claim was illegal, being contrary to the provisions of the Acts of 1847 and 1848. The Court, after a long and able argument by Mr. Moon, found in his favor, and ordered that the items charged were the actual charges made to the shipper. Cross-examined by Mr. Watson for the defendant, Mr. Moon stated that he had a subpoena from the Government for the wharf, but did not make the same. He further stated that the claim was not made until after the Acts of Parliament were only passed for the public wharfs. This was the plaintiff's case.

Mr. Watson—before calling the witness—applied for a subpoena under the provisions of the Acts of Assembly for the removal of the witness from the State of Virginia. He said he thought that the plaintiff must be present, but as he saw was no involving questions of great public interest, he would postpone the case until next Tuesday week—to be held at the court house. At that time (should he be absent next Tuesday) he would apply to the court for an order on the (state) to (the witness) to (be removed) to the State of Virginia, to produce evidence, disputing the fact at which the goods were charged. Mr. Gause (of the firm of Curtis and Gause) appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. T. B. Watson appeared for the defendant.

CANE V. FITZGERALD.

This was an action brought by Mr. Alfred Kane against Fitz Gerald for tuition and goods sold. Plaintiff claimed \$144. Verdict for the plaintiff \$314. The plaintiff appeared in person. Mr. Gause appeared for the defendant.

JOSEPHSON AND ANOTHER V. HROBERT.

This was an action brought by Mr. Maud Josephson and another against Mr. Hrobert for goods sold. Plaintiff claimed \$144. Verdict for the plaintiff \$314. The plaintiff appeared in person. Mr. Gause appeared for the defendant.

This was an action brought by Michael Gouletton against Robert Selig for \$100,000 for money lent and goods sold. The claim was disputed, it being contended that the plaintiff's loss to defendant had been included in a very heavy bill of sale a short time ago. Verdict for the defendant, \$50,000 for the plaintiff, Mr. Gouletton; for the plaintiff, Mr. Watson.

**INSOLVENCY COURT.**  
 MONDAY.  
 BEFORE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

In the estate of Oliver Kinnear, an examination commenced had been issued by the court's aidors. As no application was being having been made out for a full and complete and neither the plaintiff's nor any creditor's

appearing or attending, the summons was not prosecuted.

**DUPLICATE.**  
James Sanders, of Cleveland, Ohio, *Labilities*, \$14.88.  
Mrs. M. H. Haubert, of Cleveland, Ohio, *do*.

**SCHEDULE FILED.**  
Richard Collier, of Reedy Creek, *Labilities*, \$8372  
43¢, of which \$3293 (in 91. is secured. Amount,  
\$4900.

**APPLICATIONS FOR CERTIFICATES.**  
1. December 31, at 11 a.m.—Before City Commissioner:  
Samuel Crowder, David Campbell Williams, Edward Hays,  
and John W. McFarland, *Jointly*, \$1000.  
2. December 31, at 11 a.m.—Before City Commissioner:  
C. C. and William Barnard Gilliam (separate estate), James  
McGovern, James Glass, Thomas Edward Miller, *separately*  
and *jointly*, \$1000.  
3. December 31, at 11 a.m.—Before City Commissioner:  
from the 23rd November last: William Wardrop Cline, *do*,  
secured from the 11th January; Patrick Peterson, *separately*  
and *jointly*, \$1000.  
4. December 31, at 11 a.m.—Before City Commissioner:  
from the 14th October last: William Sumner, *separately* from the 15th  
instant; Charles Wright, *separately*—*do* on the 15th inst.  
5. December 31, at 11 a.m.—Before City Commissioner:  
from the 14th October last: William Sumner, *separately*  
from the 15th inst.; Charles Wright, *separately*—*do* on the 15th inst.  
6. December 31, at 11 a.m.—Before City Commissioner:  
from the 14th October last: William Sumner, *separately*  
from the 15th inst.; Charles Wright, *separately*—*do* on the 15th inst.

[illegible]

Monday, December 27—Supreme Court Holiday.  
Tuesday, December 27—Supreme Court Holiday.  
Wednesday, December 27—Supreme Court Holiday.  
Thursday, December 27—Supreme Court Holiday.  
Friday, December 27—Supreme Court Holiday.  
Saturday, December 27—Supreme Court Holiday.  
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Friday, December 27—Supreme Court Holiday.  
Saturday, December 27—Supreme Court Holiday.  
Sunday, December 27—Supreme Court Holiday.





tioned the names of the other candidates, and he intends to continue the contest in the same straightforward way.

[illegible]

not become a Mr. Woolley man rouse" (Confusion.) Or did Mr. Woolley mean to say that Brown was a screw in pocket? (Laughter.) E. Lee) was not aware, but the electors could draw their conclusions. (Laughter.) So far, so good. But diately after this, these gentlemen went and brow Brown out as a candidate. What was their motive WOOLLEY: "I say, this is an unfair course to attack me in this way. I throw the lie back in the those who utter it. I give the statement a flat

(Cheers and confusion.) (MR. ANDERSON: "Pick it up, Mr. Woolley. I repeat that he has alleged that the streets were strangled by these nonbodies and by this." They found fault with Mr. Neale because that while a representative of East Sydney, had shown interest in the metropolitan water supply. [Mr. Neale said he had been asked to go to the meeting by Bartley, and he had asked him to advocate any work, should we not have liked him to do so?"] "If we required a water supply, should we not have asked him to go and get it for us? [A voice: "He takes it to Sydney, not to Water was a thing which all people required. It was indispensable reality. Besides the supply of water by the Sydney Corporation, the water supply of the country would be a thing which all people required."

water there." [A voice: "What do you charge water?" He charged no more than any one else, water being sold by the bucket in Sydney for Sydney in particular."] There would be a greatly won, giving employment to thousands of men, and causing the outlay of a vast amount of money, and he knew that Mr. Neale would be the man to do it. Mr. Neale had represented East Sydney so well, there could be no objection to his representing the same reason way. Was there any objection to his representing the district? [A voice: "No." He represented it so well that they would not be again."] They might depend that Mr. Neale, if re-elected, would represent Hardly well, and obtain more votes than he had obtained in the district. (Cheers and confusion.) The gentleman behind the Returning-office seemed to take pleasure in supporting the proposition, and was powerful. They had tried it before, but found it did not answer. He was too old a traveller for (Cheers, and laughter.) They must recollect that the district was a large one, and that it was a great deal of expense. There was a great delay there which was of expense to owners, who would be glad to get their Sydney. This could be done by sending down a number of men to the districts, and they would be more identified with the interests of Sydney, and

progressed so would Hartley improve. He would not say any sensible man as to whether that was not true or (Chas.) Our countrymen are entitled to know they should receive money for it in return. (Chas.) I am well satisfied that Mr. Neal's was a straightforward, honest transaction. It was not a case where a gentleman did not put up a liberal man into Parliament he considered the district was done for. An elector "He did you know Mr. Neal, Mr. Lee, as a private gentleman I have no objection to his doing what he likes, but I can't put a question to him, &c." He would do to what that gentleman had to say for years. (Chas.) No Sir, I don't think it is a fair question to ask Mr. Neal had by letter and in other ways promised many things. He had no doubt if they returned gentlemen they would find one of the best men in the county returned. He would not like to see him look at him". Another elector: "He is ashamed himself. Confusion. He thanked them for coming to see him. A. J. A. Yes, yes."

He supported every colour. He begged to see Mr. James Henry Neale as a fit and proper person to

There being no other candidates to be proposed, the RETIRING OFFICER called upon:

Mr. ANDREW BROWN, who, on coming forward, was greeted by a cheering throng. He accepted the nomination without a contest, but a statement, and came not before with flattering words to gain their ears. He merely said that he would play his part as a citizen, and as a member of his career, past, present, and to come. We had, we said, a Constitution Act was passed and became the law of the land, and a debt of something like \$150,000. The retiring

consequently died off during the first year of our independence. How did we stand now? We had a population of 110,000, a Government of 100 Members, an Assembly, and an overdrawn account of \$800,000. The present Constitution became law, our taxes were \$100,000,000, and we had a surplus of \$100,000,000. It had become of the money. The taxes in 1911 amounted to about 63¢ per head. That was the first time we had had a surplus. We had an army and navy to maintain we only to the extent of 63¢ per head, while we had to pay no more than 10¢ per head. We had a surplus of \$100,000,000. Our power in different occasions, expending borrowed money, we would have to pay the interest, but a good deal was to be attributed people themselves who whenever a candidate came forward they would vote for him. This kind of thing must cease before we could be independent. He did not see how Ministers could run a Government without a surplus. He saw that the people much money which returned no profit. The only way this was municipal government. If we had had a surplus of \$100,000,000, we would have been able to pay above the horrid debt we were on. (Applause.) He thought it was a poor state of affairs when a man had to pay for his children. He said to a boy who had just been taken to school, "Children to pay who had free means than he had. The children's whole desire was for free trade, but it was not free trade."

[illegible]

and the street ways to appeal to the  
the departments, and see who could be done  
There would be no pay, but the men would  
someday for their services, and not have them getting  
retiring pension as if they were a parcel of imbeciles  
The men would be paid, but must be proved  
by the State. (Applause.) Of the  
most highly approved, and wished to see it carried of  
its regulations. Wherever there was a community  
of men, they would be paid, and the State would  
allow to erect a school-house, and receive assistance  
The Council of Education, the same as the Public  
Schools, would be the same, and the State would  
There should be no favor or prejudice  
treated alike. He had all along endeavored to sup-  
Public schools as far as he could, and had endeav-  
to get the State to do the same. He had  
had been led to think we have another  
added to the Education Act to compel  
the children to school. (Applause.)  
saw great numbers of children, and  
their children run about the streets instead of sending

[illegible]

control these matters. They were indifferent about traffic. They did not care about it. They had shown in their treatment of this district. They had shown they did not wish to carry minerals, and said that it was not made for that. He could not understand why it was made for if not to carry the minerals of the

### THE NOMINATION.

would stand, but that he would do nothing to influence man's vote. He (Mr. Anderson) appealed to the in of the district to support Mr. Brown. He asked those could conscientiously vote for that gentleman to do so let them reject him if they did not think he could

support a man who had been foremost in the advance of education, religion, and local industries in their district. [A voice: "He never did it."] Let them have no securities among them. He appealed to no religion, to no party, but to all—to the intelligence of the electors of Hartlepool.

Mr. JOHN GARSED came forward to nominate his candidate and made a long speech, which was completely drowned in a running accompaniment of hines, howls, laughter and jeering interruptions. After speaking for about half an hour, without getting a hearing, Mr. Garsed had done.

GEORGE LEE, who was received with cheers, named Mr. James Henry Neale as a fit and proper person to represent Hartley in the forthcoming Parliament. He had been a good deal said about Mr. Neale's non-appearance here on the present occasion, but, as they well knew, Mr. Neale had made a promise which prevented his coming in person to contest this election. When once a man

apologies, and any candidness or frankness, otherwise you would have been a laughing stock. I am glad to hear that Mr. Neale had gone so far as to say that, if elected—a which (Mr. Lee) had little doubt of—(cheers)—he would visit the electorate all through from end to end. I would spare no time or pains in explaining his political principles, not only to the electors, but to those who say yet had no votes. (Cheers.) There was something certain, and that was, that Mr. Neale would not be afraid of his own shadow, that he would be fully, honestly, independently, and fearlessly. (Cheers.) Mr. Neale had written a letter apologising for his attendance. It was a very honest, straightforward, and independent sort of document.

did not mean that it expressed independence with regard to the opinions of the electors; Mr. Neale was a liberal independent man—independent as he would be in the party he belonged to in the House. He would support measures now men. (Cheers.) [A voice: "So will Browne."] Now he would say a little about Mr. Neale himself as to what he knew of that gentleman, and with regard to what he believed the majority of the electors possessed of him. The gentleman who had brought Mr. Browne's speech of the 10th of May having put up for Sydney and had been defeated. They knew, they said, that Mr. Neale was not the only rejected candidate at East Sydney. Mr. Cooper

rejected. (Urbana.) At Newcastle on the same date, James Martin was rejected. (Chœra.) [A Voice:] "At Newcastle he was not rejected in Sydney." Another voice: "We don't have a local man at a Sydney man." More than that, the first man from the United States, the Hon. Wm. Gladstone, was rejected in England. Gladstone's defeat therefore did not reflect any discredit upon him. That gentleman now said that he would do all in his power to open up the mineral resources of the district. [Voices:] "Why don't he come and say so?" "Let him stop in Sydney where he belongs." "What do we want for us?" Open Let's public-house for a w...  
ministration. [Laughter.] Mr. Macdonald supported

carried out much more liberally than heretofore; and would support the erection of bridges, and the maintenance of by-roads in this district. (Interjection.) W said was that when there was £20,000 or £30,000 voted by Parliament for expenditure in other localities least they could do would be to vote £10,000 or £15,000 for this district. (Cheers.) The gentleman who was opposite to Mr. Neal seemed to think that things were not wanted at all. (Cries of "No," "No," "No.") "You did say so," "No we didn't," you did," "Never, &c., and great confusion." We got a railroad through the district, and now that we wanted something to feed it with. [A voice:—

don't see anybody as far as it goes. They didn't see any of the other people. He could tell them that there was a large quantity of coal in the district, and if that railway was to be a successful one, taking, facilities for conveying the produce of the district to it must be given. They must have roads and bridges else they could not get their wheat, oats, barley, corn, tce, and other produce to the railway. (Cheers.) Unless there was traffic—unless the railway was fed—unless there was a market for the produce of the district (Hear, hear). It would be useless to build the railway. "She wants our coal." Of course coal would be the articles of export. He would like to see the mineral wealth of the district turned to good account.

(Applause.) A good deal had been said as to the way in which Mr. Need's supporters had been going to their work. But what had the gentlemen who were in the room done to meet, as they said, them, and to come to the conclusion that said being there was not in opposition to Mr. Lucas. That was all right, if proper. No one could object to such a course. But there were some things in connection with these gentlemen's proceedings not quite so laudable. He was sorry to say that they could not have their political meeting without first electing a clerkman at it. (Cheers and uproar.) Cries of "No! no!" were heard, and always kept alive a sectionalism, and were framed from mixing up politics with religion, yet the gentlemen had called a clerkman for their meeting.

[Uproar. A voice: "He's not a clergyman."] He clergyman, and he believed a distant relation of his Lee's; but that he did not care about. "A voice: glories in a noble cause." This gentleman attended meeting, at which they formed a committee, and he reported that such a course of proceeding was in the extreme. [Cries: "Give us a list of names on the committee." "Yes," "No," &c. When gentlemen resorted to such measures, they gave evidence of the weakness of their cause. Certain he believed the rev. gentleman had been entrapped visiting the meeting, and that was the long and short of it. (Laughter.) But who were these men that were

WOODLEY: "Never mind, Mr. Brown, I'm not ashamed  
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[illegible]

"I will answer that when he is done," Mr. Lucas  
he did not know; that the mine was a private mine be

The Government were not the proper persons to control these matters. They were indifferent about traffic. They did not care about it. They had shown in their treatment of this district. They had shown they did not wish to carry minerals, and said that it was not made for that. He could not understand why it was made for if not to carry the minerals of the

**TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,**  
**ARISTOCRATS,**  
**MEDIOCRATS,**  
**DEMOCRATS,**  
**PROFESSIONALS,**  
**ARTISANS,**  
**MECHANICS,**  
**LABOURERS.**

Politicians of every shade and hue,  
 No matter the side you take,  
 Or what may be your particular view  
 Upon the present affairs of State,  
 Whether "Protection" or "Free Trade" your aim,  
 Or who shall shall be "in" or "out";  
 Whether "Henry" and "Sir John's" little game  
 Shall turn "Charles" and "Jack" to the right about;  
 Or whether the latter shall rule the roost,  
 And with it the crumbe of office take;  
 Or whether all that have made the boast

That love of country is the only stake  
For which they fight hard. No matter to us,  
We invite you all to come and see  
THE MEASURES we take, and with what little force,  
We thus appeal to the country.  
We'll do it all in most stately  
And latest fashions, that will make  
Each enemy (political) the other admire,  
And in friendly bond each hand to shake.  
So Christians shall not look the least great  
With smiles—nor look that do appeal,  
And make your peaceful place of meet.  
AT COHEN'S MONSTER CLOTHING HALL,  
  
COHEN, BROTHERS, AND CO.'S  
COLONIAL-MADE CLOTHING  
is a character at once useful and elegant; and the pains  
taking labour the result of  
SUITABLE GARMENTS?  
has justly obtained the prominent position they now  
occupy the first and most skillful manufacturers in the  
country.

FOR THE PRESENT SEASON

try submit

**COLONIAL MANUFACTURED**

Summer suits, from 35c to 45c  
Anglo ditto, from 45c to 50c  
Tweed ditto, from 35c to 50c  
Dingonal suits, from 45c to 60c  
Silk mixed suits, from 50c to 65c  
Venetian cloth ditto, from 50c to 65c.

**COLONIAL MANUFACTURED**

Black frack coats, from 42c to 65c  
Black Palmerton ditto, from 25c to 45c  
Black "Edinboro" ditto, from 35c to 55c  
Black Paget ditto, from 25c to 35c  
Black mix ditto, from 18c to 30c  
Black Venetian ditto, from 35c to 55c.

**COLONIAL MANUFACTURED**

Summer tweed suits, from 35c to 15c 6d  
Alpaca sac coats, from 7c 6d to 10c 6d  
Lustré ditto ditto, from 10c 6d to 15c 6d  
Horsehair sac ditto, from 7c 6d to 10c 6d  
Silk-mixed suits, from 25c to 35c  
Anglo sac ditto, from 21c to 32c.

**COLONIAL MANUFACTURED**

Trowsers and vests from 18c 6d to 35c  
Summer trousers, from 15c 6d to 25c 6d

Black dress trousers, from 15s to 25s  
Fancy two ditto, from 15s to 16s 6d  
Fancy ditto ditto, from 15s to 17s 6d  
Silk mixed ditto, from 15s to 22s

**COLONIAL MANUFACTURED**  
Summer vests, from 5s 6d to 8s  
Light tweed ditto, from 7s to 9s 6d  
Black alpaca ditto, from 6s to 7s 6d  
Black cloth ditto, from 6s to 7s 6d  
White marseila ditto, from 6s 6d to 10s 6d  
Black velvet ditto, from 18s to 24s.

**COLONIAL MANUFACTURED**  
Boys' sensation suits, from 15s to 35s  
Boys' Zouave suits, from 16s to 35s  
Boys' Swiss ditto, from 15s to 25s  
Boys' Knickerbocker ditto, from 15s to 25s  
Boys' denim ditto, from 20s to 30s  
Boys' Albert ditto, from 15s to 22s

Method of trading—  
All goods marked in plain figures.  
No abatement from the price.  
Any article exchanged if not approved of.  
**COHEN, BROTHMAN, and CO.,** Men's Clothing,  
Hall, 42, George-street.

**A** **LPACA GALATHEA**.—Just opened, at W. HOWES',  
88, King-st. 4.

**A** **LPACA CATS**.—Just opened, a beautiful assortment,  
from 8s upwards, at **HOWES'**, 88, King-st.

**HOWES' TAILORING HOUSE**.—**GREAT  
REDUCTION OF PRICES.** 88, King-st.

**HOWES' BLACK CLOTH FACKET**, or Walking  
Coat, made to order, at 2s. 6d. 23a, 88, King-st.

**OWES' Fancy Tweed Tracings and Vests to match**,  
will shirring 10s. 6d. 2s.

**OWES' TAILORING HOUSE.**—Fancy Tweed Suits, to order, £2 10s. 88, KING-STREET.

**OWES' Fancy Silk Mixture Suits,** made to order. Choicest colours and patterns, well shrunk, £3 10s.

**OWES' Silk-mixed Gaiety Jackets,** to order. Beautiful materials to select from, 30s.

**OWES' Good Black Cloth Suits,** made to order, from £2. 88, KING-STREET, Sydney.

**STY HENRY D** 1844.  
312, GEORGE-STREET, 312.  
(one door south of Hunter-street.)

**WILLIAM SMITH,  
SHIRT-MAKER, HOSIERY,  
GLOVER, MEN'S MERCER, &c., &c.**

**ARRIVAL OF THE FLYING SQUADRON.**

CHRISTMAS FESTIVITIES,  
NEW YEAR'S HOLIDAYS.

W. E. now offers a large and carefully selected stock of  
new and Choice Goods for the present season  
comprising—

MITH'S LONDON-MADE BUREKA SHIRTS,  
6s 6d each, or 5 for 38s.

MITH'S PRINTED CAMBRIC SHIRTS  
the most fashionable styles.

MITH'S SILK, SILK MIXTURES, and ALL-WOOL  
SHIRTS.

LIGHT SHIRTS READY FOR USE.

BOYS' and YOUTHS' SHIRTS,  
every size and shape.

UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS

**SUPERIOR HOSIERY.**  
**LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S**  
first choice **JOSEPHINE KID GLOVES.**  
Also,  
choice Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Ensembles, Belts,  
Turbans, Wristsbands,  
**THE NEW STRIPED REFORM FRONT,**  
with wristsbands to match.  
**PERFUMERY and TOILET REQUISITES,**  
Fragrances, Toiletsoinances, Toilet Cases, &c.  
**THE VELOCIPEDS HANDKERCHIEF.**  
**ERRY DUST COATS**  
**IGHT SUMMER OVERCOATS**  
**HOWELL PROOF OVERCOATS**  
**OVERCOATS**

2-Rib NAGASAKI UMBRELLA, 21s  
 2-Rib ditto ditto, 22s 6d  
 Superior ditto ditto, 25s.

312, GEORGE-STREET,  
 (Opposite Gordon and Goto's),  
 SYDNEY.

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**H A T S . H A T S . H A T S .**  
 316 and 318, George-street.  
 Hats, caps, on cork toppers  
 Crab shell hats, ventilated  
 Black and drab stitched bustle  
 Circular caps, with circular  
 French felt hats, black and drab  
 Tuscan and straw yachting hats  
 Embellished felt hats, every style  
 "Cumber" hats, in felt, velvet, and tulle  
 Men's and boys' caps, every shape and quality

large riding hats, made to order  
 made with hair, different shapes  
 large stock of silk umbrellas  
 W. CREGG

DEPT. OF BATH, BLACK AND GRAY  
 strict selection of hats and caps made to order.  
 G. H. SMITH, 316 and 318, Georgetown.

GREAT CLEARING-OUT SALE  
 OF  
 BOOTS AND SHOES.  
 FOR FIFTEEN DAYS ONLY.  
 Genuine Sale. Expiration of Lease.

The whole of W. CREGG'S large and vast stock of  
 BOOTS AND SHOES will be cleared out within fifteen  
 days, regardless of cost price.  
 Note the address—  
 W. CREGG

CHOICE assortment of Ladies' DESS BOOKS  
CALLAGHAN and SON.  
ROVER and BAKER'S Lockstitch MACHINES, in  
perfect order, cheap. Bradley, Newton, and Lambie



of five and a half millions sterling. A Ministerial break up is expected.

#### AUSTRIA.

A formidable insurrection broke out in Dalmatia, which began by the rising of the inhabitants of Cattaro, in resistance to the Austrian conscription, but it has since extended to Montenegro and Albania; a force was surprised by the inhabitants, and the commander and part of the garrison were killed. The insurgents were well armed. 50,000 Austrian troops are required as guerilla operations are suspected. It is thought that this widespread conspiracy has been fomented by Russia. Austria and Turkey have signed a treaty for joint action against the insurrection.

The Emperor has quitted Pesth for Egypt. The Hungarian Diet is in session; the revenue is flourishing, and friendly relations with Prussia have improved by the Crown Princess's visit.

#### PRUSSIA.

Heyde, Finance Minister, has been succeeded by Camphausen; the budget shows a deficit of 5,400,000 thalers. A reduction in the military expenditure is proposed; the lottery loan of one hundred millions is condemned by the Diet as illegal, and opposed to the welfare of the State.

Jury trial for political Press offences is under the consideration of the Diet.

A severe earthquake shock was felt throughout the west and north of Germany last Sunday.

#### BELGIUM.

A brutal murder of two ladies at Brussels, for plunder, has caused great sensation.

The marriage of Prince Charles Roumanian and Princess Elizabeth, of Newwied, took place a few days since.

The Embassy, after a cordial reception by the Swedish and Danish Courts, left for the Netherlands.

#### TURKEY.

The French Emperor, after a series of splendid entertainments and a military review, left Constantinople on October 19th, reaching Alexandria in three days, where the Viceroy welcomed her.

The Crown Prince of Prussia, Prince Louis of Hesse, Count Gullinberg, and suites, arrived in the Bosphorus on October 24th; the Austrian Emperor arrived four days later.

The Princes of Holland, Sweden, and Italy are also in the East.

Mr. Elliot, the British Ambassador, will represent the Queen at the opening of the canal.

#### AMERICA.

The autumn election is proceeding; the Republicans gained in Ohio, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and the Democrats succeeded in New Jersey and Maryland. The votes were smaller than usual; in Tennessee, Cooper, a Democrat, defeated Andrew Johnson by one vote.

General Butler's nephew is appointed Consul General to British India.

The State of Arkansas is about to meet its obligations.

Negotiations are in progress for reducing the postage between England and America.

The tidal wave, so harmless in Europe, caused serious devastation in Canada and the United States.

Mr. Boutwell, Treasury Secretary, made an important speech at Philadelphia, on national finances, and deprecated the expansion of the currency; he declared that the national debt must be paid honestly and manfully in coin or its equivalent; since the end of the war the debt had been reduced from 700 to 500 millions sterling. With present taxation it would be extinguished in fourteen years. If threats of repudiation were totally abandoned, he might shortly commence funding the debt at 4½.

President Grant was unjustly charged with complicity in the recent gold speculation; but Corbin, the President's brother-in-law, was deeply concerned in a plot for getting up a fictitious price for gold. The scheme was ruined by the sudden sale of 4,000,000 dollars by the Treasury. The gold ring lost 13,500,000 dollars on sales which they now want to repudiate.

The proposed scheme to import Chinese labour to the South is assuming gigantic proportions. A vast organisation has been formed, and subscriptions are pouring in. The steamer Stonehall was burned on the Mississippi, and over 200 persons perished.

Father Hyacinthe is on a visit to the States for two months. He will return next January to visit the Ecumenical Council.

There was an enthusiastic reception at Montreal of Prince Arthur, who was taking an excursion to Ottawa Valley; he was expected to start next May on a two months' tour through the United States.

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A war vessel was sent up the Persian Gulf to assist in the work of restoring order for an attempt to fire on an English gunboat.

In consequence of the deficiency in the Indian revenue, a great reduction of the establishments is contemplated, and a great increase in taxation.

Russia is largely reinforcing her army at Bakhistan.

Some native Princes have subscribed liberally towards founding a University at Allahabad for the North.

#### JAPAN.

Austria has signed a treaty; great courtesy is exhibited towards visitors.

An experiment has been made of sending tea to New York via San Francisco.

FREIGHTS.—London, £3 7s. 6d.; Exchange, 44½.

#### CHINA.

The revised English Treaty has been signed. The Duke of Edinburgh visited Peking, but no public recognition was accorded to him; he has since visited Hongkong, and Canton, and received a warm reception from the English residents in both places.

On the departure of Admiral Keppel from Hongkong, he was rowed to the steamer by a boat's crew of officers, the Duke of Edinburgh pulling stroke oar.

HONGKONG, November 16.—The Marine, loaded with tea for London, is a total wreck at Narbuen. Australia coal, 57-5; Exchange, London, 45½; sovereigns, 45.

CANTON, November 13.—Freights to London, £2.

SHANGHAI, November 9.—Coal market unchanged. Freights for London, £2 10s.; the market shows a tendency to decline in prices. Exchange, London, bank bills, 59½.

MANILA, November 8.—The Market for Australian coal is quite overdone, delivery taken on board at 47½. Exchange on London, 45.

SINGAPORE, November 23.—The Duke of Edinburgh having gone to Manila, is not expected here before the 30th; great preparations are making for his reception. Exchange on London: bank bills, 46½; Australian private bills, 48; Australian sovereigns, 45.5 to 47. Coal remains dull; freights to London, £2 10s.; tonnage is in demand.

Sailed for Tasmania, Wargoola.

#### COMMERCIAL.

NOVEMBER 5.

#### PRODUCE MARKET.

TALLOW.—Large business done during the month, 3000 casks sold at prices lower than last month, present quotation—mutton good 47s, mixed 46s, beef good 45s, 6d.

COCONUT OIL.—Sydney, 37s. to 40s.

HIDES in brisk demand at full and advanced prices, all offered were readily disposed of.

Quotation.—Heavy good, 5d. to 5½d.; Sydney, 5d.; Melbourne, light good, 5½d.; Sydney, 5½d.

LEATHER in improved demand, at a farthing to half-penny over late rates; sides, fair to good, 10½d. to 11d.; seconds, 9½d. to 10½d.

MIMOSA BARK, £8 5s. per ton.

HORNS, in demand, at same prices as before.

COPPER.—Wallaroo, £76 10s.

Best Adelaide wheat, 51s. to 52s.

EXPORTS.—The aggregate exports show a total of £1,043,506 for the month; the increase is £290,788, most of which is for Melbourne. Details.—Victoria, £489,411; increase, £202,029. Sydney, £231,318; increase, £29,417. Queensland, increase, £21,719; Adelaide, increase, £29,977; Tasmania, decrease, £2,930; New Zealand, £23,455.

The New Sowers cleared on October 21st, having for Melbourne 200 quarters 276s cases brandy. For Sydney, 25 quarters 60s cases brandy, besides wines, for ports undischarged: 198 quarters 300 cases brandy, and sardines and preserves.

The Cid, also, cleared for Melbourne, with 90 hogsheds 629 quarters 2000 cases brandy for Sydney; 14 hogsheds 222 quarters 746 cases brandy for either port; and 65 hogsheds 280 quarters 1000 cases brandy for Melbourne.

The Humberstone is on the berth at Rochford, and the Esmeralda at Charente, for end of December.

COLONIAL SECURITIES.—Most stocks show a slight upward tendency, with a larger amount of business than usual. Quotations: Victorian Sixes, January-July, 11½; ditto, April-October, 11½; New South Wales, 1871-73, January-July, 102; ditto, 1888-1895, January-July, 102; New Zealand Fives, 1891-91, 102; New Zealand Fives, 1891-91, 102; ditto Sixes, 1891-91, 102; ditto Fives, 1891-91, 102; ditto Sixes, 1891-91, 102; ditto Fives, 1891-91, 102.

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In consequence of the deficiency in the Indian revenue, a great reduction of the establishments is contemplated, and a great increase in taxation.

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Some native Princes have subscribed liberally towards founding a University at Allahabad for the North.

#### JAPAN.

Austria has signed a treaty; great courtesy is exhibited towards visitors.

An experiment has been made of sending tea to New York via San Francisco.

FREIGHTS.—London, £3 7s. 6d.; Exchange, 44½.

#### CHINA.

The revised English Treaty has been signed. The Duke of Edinburgh visited Peking, but no public recognition was accorded to him; he has since visited Hongkong, and Canton, and received a warm reception from the English residents in both places.

On the departure of Admiral Keppel from Hongkong, he was rowed to the steamer by a boat's crew of officers, the Duke of Edinburgh pulling stroke oar.

HONGKONG, November 16.—The Marine, loaded with tea for London, is a total wreck at Narbuen. Australia coal, 57-5; Exchange, London, 45½; sovereigns, 45.

CANTON, November 13.—Freights to London, £2.

SHANGHAI, November 9.—Coal market unchanged. Freights for London, £2 10s.; the market shows a tendency to decline in prices. Exchange, London, bank bills, 59½.

MANILA, November 8.—The Market for Australian coal is quite overdone, delivery taken on board at 47½. Exchange on London, 45.

SINGAPORE, November 23.—The Duke of Edinburgh having gone to Manila, is not expected here before the 30th; great preparations are making for his reception. Exchange on London: bank bills, 46½; Australian private bills, 48; Australian sovereigns, 45.5 to 47. Coal remains dull; freights to London, £2 10s.; tonnage is in demand.

Sailed for Tasmania, Wargoola.

#### COMMERCIAL.

NOVEMBER 5.

#### PRODUCE MARKET.

TALLOW.—Large business done during the month, 3000 casks sold at prices lower than last month, present quotation—mutton good 47s, mixed 46s, beef good 45s, 6d.

COCONUT OIL.—Sydney, 37s. to 40s.

HIDES in brisk demand at full and advanced prices, all offered were readily disposed of.

Quotation.—Heavy good, 5d. to 5½d.; Sydney, 5d.; Melbourne, light good, 5½d.; Sydney, 5½d.

LEATHER in improved demand, at a farthing to half-penny over late rates; sides, fair to good, 10½d. to 11d.; seconds, 9½d. to 10½d.

MIMOSA BARK, £8 5s. per ton.

HORNS, in demand, at same prices as before.

COPPER.—Wallaroo, £76 10s.

Best Adelaide wheat, 51s. to 52s.

EXPORTS.—The aggregate exports show a total of £1,043,506 for the month; the increase is £290,788, most of which is for Melbourne. Details.—Victoria, £489,411; increase, £202,029. Sydney, £231,318; increase, £29,417. Queensland, increase, £21,719; Adelaide, increase, £29,977; Tasmania, decrease, £2,930; New Zealand, £23,455.

The New Sowers cleared on October 21st, having for Melbourne 200 quarters 276s cases brandy. For Sydney, 25 quarters 60s cases brandy, besides wines, for ports undischarged: 198 quarters 300 cases brandy, and sardines and preserves.

The Cid, also, cleared for Melbourne, with 90 hogsheds 629 quarters 2000 cases brandy for Sydney; 14 hogsheds 222 quarters 746 cases brandy for either port; and 65 hogsheds 280 quarters 1000 cases brandy for Melbourne.

The Humberstone is on the berth at Rochford, and the Esmeralda at Charente, for end of December.

COLONIAL SECURITIES.—Most stocks show a slight upward tendency, with a larger amount of business than usual. Quotations: Victorian Sixes, January-July, 11½; ditto, April-October, 11½; New South Wales, 1871-73, January-July, 102; ditto, 1888-1895, January-July, 102; New Zealand Fives, 1891-91, 102; New Zealand Fives, 1891-91, 102; ditto Sixes, 1891-91, 102; ditto Fives, 1891-91, 102; ditto Sixes, 1891-91, 102; ditto Fives, 1891-91, 102.

CUBA.

The insurance has languished. The wealthy planters support the Government. Large reinforcements are advised from Spain. Unrestricted religious liberty is decreed throughout Cuba and Porto Rico.

#### INDIA AND THE EAST.

Nearly all the specie has been recovered from the wreck of the Carnatic in the Red Sea. The fortnightly mail service of the Messa-

geries Imperiales will commence on July 1st. The Persian Gulf cable is laid.

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LEATHER in improved demand, at a farthing to half-penny over late rates; sides, fair to good, 10½d. to 11d.; seconds, 9½d. to 10½d.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

**T** W. BOWDEN has received instructions from the Marine and Vice-Admiralty Office to sell by auction, at the Lane & Sons Rooms, 164, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, the 30th December instant, at 11 o'clock (for half-past 11) promiscuously.

The exhibit will comprise—  
The celebrated built-up schooner "THE KORELAH," as she now lies off the Australian Steam Navigation Company's ship, in Darling Harbour, together with all her boats, sails, chains, anchors, and apparel; an inventory of which will be made before the Auction Room, and also after MONDAY, the 29th.

☞ The vessel may be inspected any day by persons wishing to purchase.

**BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.**

All those **EXTENSIVE STATIONS**, having a fine fringe of about forty miles to the Balmain River, permanently sold by auction, at the Newmarket Hotel, West Meiland, on WEDNESDAY, 12th January, 1870, at 12 o'clock.

The exhibit will comprise—  
**"WARROO,"** and **"RYAN BUNNOO,"** together with  
1000 Head of CATTLE (more or less), to be mustered and delivered; calves under six months old given in; horses, stores, working plant, &c., at valuation.

Aho.  
The **VALUABLE RUN "THURRAHAL,"** splendidly watered by the famed lake, which was never known to fail.

Aho.  
The Station known as **"KERNNA'S RUN,"** or **"THOMBY."**

The whole having been formerly the property of the late R. Fitzgerald, Esq.

**Terms**—Half-cash, balance at ten years, bearing interest at 10 percent. per annum, with security upon the property.

**M**ESSRS. T. and A. CADELL have received instructions from the mortgagee to sell by auction, at the Newmarket Hotel, West Meiland, on WEDNESDAY, 12th January, 1870, at 12 o'clock.

The above **VALUABLE PASTORAL PROPERTIES**, full particulars of which will shortly be published.

One-half the frontage of the Balmain River will be sold with the cattle, the other half the frontage will be sold unstocked.

"Thomby," or "Brennan's Run," will also be sold unstocked.

"Thurrahal" will also be sold without stock.

**VALUABLE CATTLE PROPERTY,**  
situate at the head of the Cleveleys River, but a short distance from Warroo, and Kernna's Run.

Aho.  
together with the **HERD OF CATTLE** belonging thereto, in number 8000 head (more or less), to be mustered and delivered; Calves under six months old at time of delivery to be given in.

**HORSES, STORES, WORKING PLANT, FURNITURE, AND SUNDRIES** to be taken at a valuation.

**TERMS**.—Half-cash; balance at twelve and eighteen months by approved promissory notes, with interest at five percent of nine per cent. per annum added, secured by mortgage upon the station and Stock.

**M**ESSRS. T. and A. CADELL have received instructions from Henry J. Adams, Esq. to sell by auction, at the Newmarket Hotel, West Meiland, WEDNESDAY, 2nd February, 1870, at 12 o'clock.

All the extensive station, known as Kororalah, capable of pasturing 10,000 head of cattle, permanently watered, well fenced, partially firmed, and otherwise exceedingly improved.

With the station will be sold  
3000 (more or less) head of cattle (a mixed herd), to be mustered and delivered; calves under six months old at time of delivery to be given in.

Horses, working bullocks, drays, working plant of station, stores, and sundries, to be taken by the purchaser at a valuation.

The run is divided by two creeks, and forms two complete runs, known as "**OLD KORORALAH**," and "**NEW KORORALAH**."

The **FIFTEEN ROOMS** cottage, at "**OLD KORORALAH**," a new four-roomed cottage, kitchen and meat-house, two-roomed overseer's cottage; now set of stockyards, the most permanent and improved descriptions, capable of carrying the stock 2000 head of cattle, and horse yards, large and small horn paddocks, cultivation paddock, &c., &c. At "**NEW KORORALAH**," a good house, seven rooms, kitchen, servants' room, and detached shed; three-stalled stable and harness room, blacksmith's forge, drag-chain, meat-house, men's huts, cultivation paddocks, three-horn paddocks, one large paddock (4 miles square), good sheep pen (the work 200 head of cattle), milking yards, &c.—the whole forming a perfect and complete establishment.

The cattle can be particularly recommended, being originally from New Zealand and some of the best bulls having been obtained also from Rossmore and Gunning Downs, and all inferior cattle having been removed from the herd.

So complete and sound a station as "**Kororalah**" is but seldom offered for sale so lightly stocked, and extensively improved. Those desirous of acquiring a first-class property, capable of carrying 10,000 head of the run and stock without delay; and any further information that may be required can be obtained on the station, or at the office of the Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, December 22.

**Lloyd's Rooms, Melbourne.**  
At 12 o'clock.

**The Al Brig Compulsit-Built Barque**  
**HANOVER.**  
Of 220 tons tonnage,  
Length, 124 ft. 8 in.  
Breadth, 23 ft. 3 in.  
Depth, 12 ft. 7 in.

Built on the Thames by her present owners, Messrs. Reilly and Ferry, the celebrated Shipbuilders of Bothamby, in 1867, and cleared at Lloyd's Al for nine years.

To Merchants, Shipowners, Stevedores Trading with China and the Eastern Ports, Speculators, and others.

**JAMES LAWRENCE** has been favoured to sell by auction, at the Lane & Sons Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 12 o'clock.

The new Al compulsit-built barque

which has just arrived from Foo-chow, and loaded her cargo in good order, carrying equal to 500 tons general cargo at 11 ft. 6 in. draught.

The vessel was built at 1000 head of survey, without regard to cost, by her present owners, it is thorough good working order, and can be sent to sea without expense, having a large and complete inventory both of sails, gear, and stock.

This barque is thoroughly expert fastened, sheathed with yellow metal, and shifts without ballast, and only requires 200 tons of ballast to enable her to discharge her entire voyage to the West Indies with only 80 tons ballast aboard. Has double top-gallant masts, two complete masts in reserve, and found in ground tackle and all necessary working material.

The auctioneer begs to state that he seldom offers the opportunity of obtaining a vessel of so good a class and convenient a size for the service of the East India trade, requiring a thorough clipper barque, he commands special attention to this intended sale, having instructions positively to sell if any party offers the offer is made.

For full particulars, with inventories, apply at the rooms of the auctioneer.

Messrs. Lane & Sons,  
WEDNESDAY, 22nd December,  
12 o'clock,  
Melbourne.

WEDNESDAY, December 22.

**Lloyd's Rooms, Melbourne.**  
At 12 o'clock.

For Absolute and Unreserved Sale, by Special Instructions from the Mortgagee.

**The Al Brig ELIZABETH.**  
Length, 90 feet  
Breadth, 16 feet  
Depth, 14 feet.  
223 Tons Register.

**JAMES LAWRENCE** is instructed by the owners to sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, at his Rooms, 64, Collins-street West, at 12 o'clock.

This Al brig, which was built at Dublin, in the Port of Yough, under special survey, in October, 1861, for her present owners, and on inspection (which is positively invited) the Shippers will be found to be the mark in every respect, and she is perfectly fitted for the year, has all wire rigging and a double mill of sails, stands and spinnace without ballast, and carries 400 tons general cargo on 12 feet, or 500 tons coal on 13 feet.

The inventory is most complete, which can be obtained, together with further particulars, at Lloyd's Rooms.

No reserve.

Terms, liberal.

For absolute sale, by order of her English owners, Wednesday, 22nd December, at 12 o'clock.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.  
Sheriff's Office, 22nd October, 1868.

RATH V. DOMOVORY.

**T** H I S D A Y, D E C E M B E R, 21, at 11 a.m., on the premises occupied by the defendant, corner of Bourke and Hill streets, Surrey Hills, Sydney (unless the above writ is previously satisfied), the BREKERSHIP of the said public nuisance, together with the stock-in-trade of the said public nuisance, furniture and effects, together with the license

